Ambrysus occidentalis La Rivers 1951

Ambrysus oecidentalis La Rivers 1951, Univ. Calif. Publ. Entom. 8 (7): 322-325; 1953B, Univ. Kansas Sci. Bull. 35 (II: 10): 1323.

This species, long confused with A. signoreti in the southwestern United States, was inadvertently omitted from the Mexican list, although its occurrence south of the United States was noted in the revision of Ambrysus for that area. For the sake of completeness, the Mexican record is re-iterated here:

BAJA CALIFORNIA (Ensenada, 11(iv)40, R. G. Miller (U. Michigan)); SONORA (Palmer dist., Alamos, 27(x)34, H. S. Gentry (U.

Kansas).

Ambrysus hybrida Montandon 1897

- Ambrysus hybrida Montandon 1897, Verh. zool.-bot. Ges. Wien 47: 22; / 1909,
 Bull. Soc. Sci. Buc.-Roum. 17 (5-6): 322; Champion, 1900, Biol. Centr.-Amer.,
 Hlemipt. 2: 357; Usinger, 1946, Univ. Kansas Sci. Bull. 31 (1: 10): 198-199,
 209; De Carlo, 1950, An. Soc. Cient. Argentina, 150: 8.
- Ambrysus fuscus Usinger, 1946, Univ. Kansas Sei. Bull. 31 (I: 10): 198-199;
 De Carlo, 1950, An. Soc. Cient. Argentina, 150: 11; La Rivers, 1953B, Univ. Kansas Sci. Bull. 35 (II: 10): 1333-1334.

Through the kindness of Dr. Max Beier of the Naturhistorisches Museum at Wien, Austria, the writer was able to examine several Montandon types and note the above synonymy as well as to confirm the uses of other names in Ambrysus. Previously, A. hybrida had been omitted from the Mexican treatment since it had gone unrecognized as such in the material studied. It is, however, a distinctive enough species and no difficulty need be associated with its detection in future.

REFERENCE

La Rivers, Ira. 1953. The Ambrysus of Mexico (Hemiptera, Naucoridae). Univ. Kansas Sci. Bull. 35(II: 10): 1279-1349.

LAELAPS KEEGANI, NOM. NOV. FOR LAELAPS BERLESEI KEEGAN, 1956

(ACARINA, LAELAPTIDAE)

Laclaps berlesei Keegan, 1956 (nec da Fonseca, 1939), Egyptian Pub. Hlth. Assoc. Jour. 31(6): 246, Fig. 45.

Keegan (1956) inadvertently created a primary homonym by naming an Egyptian mite Laclaps berlesei after this combination of names had been proposed by da Fonseca (1939, Memor. Instituto Butantan; 12: 104, Figs 1 & 2) for a Brazilian mite. The name Laclaps keegani, nom. nov. is proposed for Laclaps berlesei Keegan, 1956, with the description and illustration by Keegan as applicable. The holotype female has been deposited in the U. S. National Museum. The unique specimen was collected from Arricanthis niloticus (striped mouse) at Pyramids, Giza Province, Egypt, 22 March 1953, by H. Hoogstraal.—Ernestine B. Thurman, Sanitarian (R), Division of Research Grants, National Institutes of Health, Public Health Service, DHEW, Bethesda 14, Maryland.